OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The *BROADBOTTOM JOURNAL.*

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inspector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1746. [No. 187.]

——— *Ad mores Natura recurrit*
Damnatos fixa & mutari nescia. ——— Juv.

IT would not have been *mal a propos*, as Matters have happened, if I had begun this Diſſertation in the Words I clos'd up my laſt; eſpecially, if we conſider the hard Fate of our ever-worthy and benevolent Friend Mr. *Ha Cor*; who, on returning home the 20th inſtant to his Family, which had long lamented his *involuntary* Abſence, was ſet upon by ſome C——t Curs, and yelp'd, ſnarl'd, bark'd at, and worried in ſuch a Manner, as raiſed the Neighbourhood upon him for a *Jacobite* in Diſguiſe, who, under Pretence of favouring the Cauſe of *Liberty*, was an Encourager of *Invaſions*. In ſhort, their Noiſe and Clamour ſo prevail'd againſt him, that the Inhabitants conven'd themſelves in the Town-Hall, and juſt as he was entring his Habitation, voted him into Baniſhment a third Time.

The buſy Motions of a perfidious Power on the Continent, yet not ſo perfidious or buſy as we *occaſionally* make him; confederate Meſſages againſt entring *Provence*; Count *Saxe*'s forming Winter Enterprizes in *Flanders*; the *French* Officers order'd home from *Paris* to their reſpective Poſts; the unwearied Vigilance of the *Two Brothers* There, and the Fear, Confuſion, and Apprehenſions of our *Two Brothers* Here; the diſtributing *French* Money among the Rebel *Highlanders* to keep up their rebellious Spirits; the gaſconading Threats and Preparations of the Court of *Verſailles* for making a Deſcent upon the *Engliſh* Coaſt, to revenge our burning a few Cottages in *Bretagne*, and running away, have been the Topics of our Daily News-Papers for ſome Weeks paſt: It did not require a *hundred Eyes* to penetrate into the Secrets of all this mighty Noiſe and Hubbub; I diſcovered with a ſingle Glance, that a Jobb was to be done, and the People's Fears were to be raiſed, in order to prepare their Minds for the Reception of ſomething, perhaps not very agreeable to the *Conſtitution*. It was not ſo much to guard againſt an *Invaſion* from abroad, as to promote and carry on a domeſtic Invaſion for ſtrengthening the Hands of the *M———y*, *quieting* the People, and *diſpoſing* them into Obedience and Admiration of the ſtupendous Meaſures they had concerted for the more effectually carrying on their Purpoſe, free from the ſaucy Interruption of buſy Medlers, and the Obſervations of impertinent Pryers into thoſe *Miſteries*, which none but themſelves can comprehend.

If the vigorous Meaſures of a late great Miniſter had not been fruſtrated by an invidious Faction, which was form'd merely to oppoſe and diſtreſs an Adminiſtration, calculated for the Honour of our Country, and the Glory of our Royal Maſter, the buſy, meddling *Pr—ce* I have been ſpeaking of, would not have had it in his Power, by hoſtile Threats and Preparations, to draw the Attention of our Allies from their glorious Succeſſes in *Italy*, to wait his faithleſs Motions in *Germany*: His Uſefulneſs, as an Ally, that Miniſter was well aware of, and therefore uſed all his Endeavours to fix him on our Side; but when he found his volatile Propenſions wavering, and that, as maligning the Greatneſs of his Neighbour, he was not to be depended upon; more eſpecially, after that Maſter-Piece of Perfidy, in which he even excell'd the inſidious Power that taught him, under the Tuition of their romantic Poet, whereby the *Auſtrian* Army was drawn out of the Enemy's Country to guard their own againſt his Attacks: I ſay, when he was found thus diſingenuous and faithleſs, the great Stateſman turn'd the Leaf, and was determined to uſe a more effectual Method to *fix* him: Hence an Alliance, with the moſt formidable Power in the *North* was form'd and brought to a Point, which, being neglected by *After-M———rs*, under the ſpecious Pretence of Parſimony, gave ſo great a Diſguſt as could be never got over ſince; notwithſtanding the boaſted Paragraphs of News for theſe two Years ſucceſſively, of 12000 Men being juſt on the March.

While this *Northern* Ally invaded the *Gallic Second* on one Side, and that our Army, reinforc'd, march'd up into *Germany* on the other, leaving *our good Friends* the *Dutch* to entertain themſelves with *French* Amuſements, it would have been hardly poſſible for the *French* to have ſav'd their Friend and his Territories, and make any conſiderable Progreſs in *Flanders* at the ſame Time: The firſt I may venture to pronounce impracticable, ſo that their Ally muſt have been brought upon his Knees, and ſue for Peace upon any Terms; and, if the *French* had been ſucceſsful in *Flanders*, they could not have done more than they have done ſince: And, by that Time, our *good Friends* would have diſcovered their Miſtake, and been likewiſe upon their Knees to intreat our Aſſiſtance, and be let into the Terms, which the experienc'd Wiſdom of a *Gr——lle*, and the flowing Eloquence of a *Ch——ſ——d*, recommended in vain to their Conſideration. In ſuch a Caſe too, we may well ſuppoſe the reduced *German* would have been obliged to join his Alliance againſt the common Enemy of *Europe*. Then might be well applied theſe following Lines of Mr. *Addiſon*:

I laugh to think how your unſhaken Cato
Will look aghaſt, while unforeſeen Deſtruction
Pours in upon him thus from every Side.

Oh! what a glorious Opportunity was here loſt, and ſacrific'd to the Ambition and Avarice of the *Coalition?*

But, ſoft and fair old *Argus*, you forget that theſe are Times of *Suſpenſion*, and your Friend Mr. *Ha Cor*'s Fate! Beware! you may be taken down from your *Altitudes*; or, what is worſe, be perhaps rais'd up in an *Altitude* you may not very well like: Good! my guardian Genius, good! you apprize me well! and, as Maſter *Filch* expreſs'd his Remorſe and Fears of *being cut off in the Flower of his Youth*, for adventuring too far in the C——tly Profeſſion of Pilfering, I muſt own, that I have been not a little apprehenſive of *my old Age* for ſome Time after I took up old *Jeffrey*'s Pen; TREASONABLE PRACTICES! *Warrants! Meſſengers*, with their Greyhound Dogs! *Akerman*, and his rattling Chains! roſe often to my View, and haunted my Mind, as that ſame Pen ſeem'd animated with a kind of *Jacobite* Faculty; inſomuch, that I could never write the Word *King*, but it always ſtruck out a great *J* after it, with a ſurpriſing Dexterity, and ſo run on half a Name, which I ſhall not venture at preſent to mention, before I was aware of what I was doing. This ſet me on philoſophing a little upon the Affair, and whether my Pen did not abound with *electrical* Matter, which I found was the Caſe, and that my Paper being Non-electric *was by Reaſon of its rough Superficies*, (for we weekly Authors write on very coarſe Paper) *and Poroſity, fit for the Electrical Effluvia to faſten upon.* Very well, thought I; but then how to reſtrain this Effuſion of *Jacobite* Electricity being another Matter of Puzzle, I fell to reading over all the incomprehenſible Jargon of Learning that emerg'd lately, for the Edification of the Curious, upon that important Subject, but found myſelf more bewilder'd in the End than at my firſt ſetting out: At laſt, I interrogated my Printer as to the ſtrange Quality of this Pen, and whether he had ever obſerv'd it was any Ways *electric*, while under the Conduct of my Predeceſſor? *Like-a-Trick!* eccho'd he, yes, confound it, more than like *like-a-Trick*, for it *really trick'd* both him and myſelf once into Cuſtody, where we remain'd till honeſt *Ha Cor* fetch'd us out: But, looking ſtedfaſtly at my Hand, What a D——l Pen have you got there, continued he, this is not old *Jeffrey*'s, but belong'd to *Urban*'s Correſpondent, the *Nonjuring* Character-Writer. Upon Enquiry, I found, that that *Arch-Pyrate* (who impoſes his monthly *Gallimaufrey* upon the Public as the Work of a Gentleman of Letters) had ſuborn'd a little Urchin, who goes under the Denomination of my Printer's *Devil*, to convey his Letter-Writer's Pen into my Standiſh, in Hopes to ſerve the Cauſe of *Jacobitiſm*, tho', in the Courſe of my Lucubrations, I have ſhewn myſelf in no wiſe affected with it.

As to the future Conduct of my Pen, I ſhall keep a watchful Eye upon it in theſe dangerous Times, and, inſtead of writing the Politics of my own Time, I ſhall occaſionally entertain my Readers with ſome Extracts from a curious Manuſcript, of the Tranſactions and Policies of a conſiderable Society of very eminent Merchants, who, in the early Days of the ancient *Britons*, had aſſociated themſelves into one Body for their mutual Intereſt and general Good, much upon the ſame Model as our great Companies in the City of *London*. How I came poſſeſs'd of this Manuſcript, and the Import of it, ſhall be the Subject of my next Paper.

N. B. *The Meſſage left laſt Monday Morning is ſatisfactory.*

To the AUTHOR, *&c.*

SIR,

THE Peruſal of your Paper of the 8th inſtant, upon the Subject of *Admirals*, &c. call'd to my Memory the Character given of our late *Maritime Hero*, in a Sermon upon the late Rebellion, entitled, *The Royal Soldier*.

As the Character is very ſhort and yet very full, and, in my Judgment, exactly hits the *rough Diamond*, I cannot forbear ſending you the following Tranſcript of it:

" Unſpeakable is the Nation's Obligation to the in-

" fatigable Vigilance of this brave Man, of a Bravery of " Soul above all Temptation, of a truly honeſt, becauſe " of a truly *Engliſh* Heart, knowing no Fear but the Fear " of his God, nor any Way of doing Honour to his " King, but by Services, without Parallel, to his " Country."

I am, SIR,

Your conſtant Reader,

MONOCULUS.

ERRATA: In our laſt Week's Letter, Column 1, Line 8, after the Word *many*, read, *Hence a Combination was form'd lately againſt a great Genius in the State, and*, &c. Line 25, read *Naturalibus.*

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

Genoa, Nov. 12. Some Days ago a grand Council of War was held at Pietre d'Arena, in which it was reſolved to embark 8 or 10,000 Men at Villa Francha, in order to make a Deſcent at the Iſles of Hieres, under Cover of the Engliſh Squadron, which is at Vado. In the mean Time, Count Brown ſet out ſome Days ago to Nice.

We have yet paid no more than 1,600,000 Genovines, but the reſt muſt be immediately made up, with the Addition of 200,000 for Quarters. Our Navigation is not now at all interrupted by the Engliſh.

Bologna, Nov. 12. We hear that the Commandant of Tortono has deſir'd to capitulate, but that as he requires all military Honours for his Garriſon, and to be conducted either into France or the Kingdom of Naples, the Count de Mante, who commands the Blockade, has ſent an Expreſs to the King of Sardinia to know his Pleaſure.

GERMANY.

Vienna, Nov. 19. On the 17th, Prince Charles of Lorrain arrived here from the Low Countries, accompany'd by General Grune. Sir —— Robinſon has received a Courier from London, with Orders to uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to remove the Difficulties which have ariſen relating to the Execution of the Guaranties ſtipulated between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, by the Treatis of Breſlau and Dreſden. A Liſt is handed about here, by which it appears, that the French and Spaniards have loſt this Year in Italy five Generals, 1500 Officers from the Colonel to the Enſign, near 30,000 Subaltern Officers and Soldiers, 205 Pieces of Cannon, and 79 Mortars, beſides Horſes, Ammunition, &c.

Liege, Nov. 25. General Trips has this Day had the Honour of dining with the Prince and Biſhop our Sovereign, and this Evening ſet out under an Eſcort of 25 Huſſars for Tongres. A Subaltern Officer of the Swiſs Regtment of Dieſbach, in the Service of France, paſs'd by here the 23d with 38 unarm'd Recruits, whom he was carrying to Louvain; and, we hear, that having been attacked in a Houſe upon the Road by 15 Huſſars, he ſlipp'd out at a Back-Door, and had the good Fortune to diſarm three of the Huſſars that were gaurding the Horſes of their Companions who were gone into the Houſe: He afterwards took the reſt Priſoners, after having killed five of them.

FRANCE.

Toulon, Nov 18. The Enemy has not yet attempted to penetrate into Provence. Some of their Detachments paſs over the Var now and then, but do not advance. They give out, that they wait for the reſt of their Troops to execute their intended Deſigns againſt that Province; but 'tis doubted, whether they will be able to do it this Winter. Be that as it will, the neceſſary Meaſures are taken to give them a good Reception. Our Army is reinforc'd daily, and we expect towards the End of the Month twenty Battalions, that are coming from Franche Comte, which, 'tis aſſur'd, are follow'd by fifty more. This Town is provided with every Thing neceſſary, and our Coaſts are well guarded.

HOLLAND.

Hague, Nov. 30. The Lords of the Gecommitterde-Raad have ſent Circular Letters, dated the 17th, to the Regencies of the Places where there are Engliſh Troops in Winter Quarters, enjoining them to act towards theſe Troops in the ſame Manner as towards thoſe of the Republick, as well in reſpect to lodging of the Soldiers, as in regard to the providing them with Subſiſtance, provided only that theſe laſt conform to the eſtabliſh'd Laws of the Country. Theſe Circular Letters have anſwer'd the End for which they were deſign'd, which was to prevent or put a Stop to Diſorders. There is likewiſe good Cauſe to applaud the Attention paid to thoſe Regulations by the Engliſh Officers, who have ſeverely puniſhed Soldiers, in ſeveral Places, who have tranſgreſs'd the Rules of military Diſcipline.

They write from Leewarden, that the new-born Princeſs of Orange was baptiz'd laſt Sunday, under the Name of Anna-Maria.

Utrecht, Dec. 2. Letters from Hanover by this Poſt have brought an important Piece, which by the laſt Poſt was received there from London. It is an authentick Act of the King of Great Britain, ſigned at Kenſington the 30th of laſt September, whereby his Britannick Majeſty renews and confirms, in the moſt ſolemn Manner, the Engagements which he has enter'd into with the King of Pruſſia, touching the Guaranty of the peaceable Poſſeſſion of the Dutchy of Sileſia, and County of Glatz, in Favour of his Pruſſian Majeſty. The King of Great Britain therein alſo engages to uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to obtain the ſame Thing from the States General.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Nov. 18. Yeſterday the Embargo which has been for ſome Time paſt on Beef and Pork, was taken off.

Thurſday Morning laſt, a Sloop was ſeen off the Point of Hoath, crowding Sail before a hard Gale of Wind, with an Intent, as 'tis conjectured, to run aſhore; but when ſhe was within half a League of the Point, ſhe went directly down, and every Soul periſhed. The Top of her Maſt appeareth above Water, and it is the general Opinion that ſhe had ſprung a Leak, and was filling faſt, and that this made them ſtand in for Shore, for the Tide was then in, and Water ſufficient to come over the Bar.

We hear from Kilkenny, that a Duel was fought there laſt Friday, between Mr. Ryan and Mr. Hunt, in which the former was ſhot, and died the next Day.

Laſt Sunday a Countryman fell down dead in Thomas-Street, where ſome of the Rabble immediately ſtole away his Hat and Wig, and four Shillings out of his Pocket. It is ſaid he was Clerk to ſome Country Church.

Friday Night laſt two Watchmen ſtopt ſome Brandy, carrying thro' Leixliep, and were in Poſſeſſion of their Booty, when one of the Smugglers, with great Addreſs, went up, and whiſpering one of them in the Ear, let him know that it was of the right Sort, and that he had proper Inſtruments about him to give him a Dram. The Bait took, a Vent was made, and a Quill put in, through which he drank, unceaſing, till he fell back and died. His Companion afterwards, more fortunate than he, drank indeed till he fell, but was found in the Middle of the Road next Morning, with ſome ſmall Signs of Life, and ſuch Care has been taken of him, that it is thought he will recover. In the mean Time the Smugglers went off, with the Remainder of their Cargo.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Nov. 17. On Saturday laſt an Expreſs paſs'd thro' this City, in his Way to the North, to ſerve exculpatory Witneſſes with Subpœna's, in Favour of the Priſoners, whoſe Trials come on at St. Margaret's Hill, the 15th of December next.

The Priſoners in the City Jail have been under Examination ſucceſſively for ſome Days paſt.

Yeſterday the Hon. Colonel Lee, Captains Henly and Shaftly, ſet out from this Place for London.

Saturday Miſs Jeany Cameron was admitted to Bail, and allowed to remove from the Caſtle on Account of her Health; and we hear the Dutcheſs of Perth is to come out this Day.

We hear from Inverneſs, that laſt Wedneſday the Maſter of Lovat, Major Cunninghaw, the Prieſt Oniel, Lieutanant M'Donald Kinlochmoidart's Brother, and the other Priſoners there, have been ſhipt off for London.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcaſtle, Nov. 22. A Veſſel belonging to Mr. Hawkins, of Lynn, which ſailed from hence the Beginning of this Week, was taken off of Huntliffe by a French Privateer, and ranſomed for 100l.

Laſt Saturday the following Rebels were executed at Carliſle, viz. Sir Archard Primroſe, Bart. Mollineaux Eaton, Patrick Murray, Patrick Keir, Charles Gordon, of Dalpeirſey, James Mitchell, John Wallace, Robert Reid, Barnabas Matthews, Alexander Stephenſon, and Thomas Hays (not the French Officer.)

Thurſday Se'nnight Reprieves came down for 39 others, during the King's Pleaſure, except Mr. Hays the French Officer, who is reprieved only for two Months.

We hear that all the Rebels under Reprieve at York, will be tranſported.

LONDON.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Whitehall, Nov. 22. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute the Right Hon. William Earl of Harrington, his Majeſty's Lieutenant General and Governor General of his Majeſty's Kingdom of Ireland, in the room of the Right Honourable Philip Earl of Cheſterfield.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Robert Trefor, Eſq; to be one of the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in the Kingdom of Ireland, in the room of the Lord Viſcount Dupplin.

Whitehall, Nov. 22. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Honourable Lord John Monſon, Richard Plummer, Robert Herbert, John Pit, Baptiſt Leveſon Gower, and James Grenville, Eſqrs. together with Thomas Hay, Eſq; commonly called Lord Viſcount Dupplin, and Francis Fane, Eſq; in the room of Edward Aſhe, Eſq; who has reſigned, and James Brudenell, Eſq; deceas'd, to be Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations.

Admiralty, Nov. 21. Captain Rodney, Commander of his Majeſty's Ship the Eagle, being on a Cruize, on the 29th of laſt Month, he took a French Privateer, called the Shoreham of Nantz, carrying 22 Guns and 200 Men, after a Chace of 16 Hours, and brought her with him into Crookhaven.

Admiralty-Office, Nov. 24. Captain Denis, Commander of his Majeſty's Ship the Windſor, being on a Cruize, on the Morning of the 26th of laſt Month ſaw a Sail, to which he gave Chace, and by three in the Afternoon came up with her: She proved to be an Engliſh Merchant Ship called the Trere, laden with Sugar from Barbadoes, which had been taken by a French Privateer of 18 Guns and 200 Men, called the Baſques, belonging to Bayonne.

The next Morning, at 9 o'Clock, he ſaw two Sail to the Northward, to which he immediately gave Chace, and next Morning fell in with the Leopard Privateer, of 22 Guns (Nine Pounders) and 24 Swivels, and fitted out firſt with 367 Men, belonging to Bayonne, with an Engliſh Merchant Ship in Company. He ſoon came up with the Merchant Ship, which he found to be the Chelter, from St. Kitts, and took Poſſeſſion of her. He then chaced the Leopard, and took her about 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon, and has brought her with him into Kinſale.

Captain Webb, of his Majeſty's Ship the Surprize, on the 19th Inſtant, being at Anchor off of Newnaven, diſcover'd two French Privateers endeavouring to intercept three Engliſh Merchant Ships, ſteering to the Eaſtward; upon which he immediately ſlipped his Cable, and gave Chace, and after three Hours Purſuit he came up with and took one of them: She is called the Sandark, Captain Nicholas Bacnilieu, belonging to Calais, of 41 Men, and eight Guns. Captain Webb has brought her with him into the Downs.

Letters from Genoa, by way of Leghorn, mention the Diſcovery of a Conſpiracy to maſſacre the Auſtrians and that the Imperial General had thereupon diſarmed the National Garriſon, to put all Attempts out of their Power. It is added, that a Body of Auſtrians are marched out of the Parmeſan into the Neighbourhood of Spezzia, and that ſome of them had entered into the City of Sarzana.

They write from Stockholm, that a new and very rich Mine of Copper has been lately diſcovered in the Province of Jemptland, to which in Honour of the young Prince of Sweden, they have given the Name GUSTAVUS. Alhemiſt, among many other Projectors, who have laid their Schemes before the Dyet, has offered one that is very extraordinary. He propoſes to diſcover a Method of melting Iron, Copper, and Silver Ores, with much ſmaller Quantities of Coals than are commonly uſed, and to extract from them greater Quantities of Metal; and alſo to render the Caput Mortuum vegetive in a ſhort Space of Time, ſo as to admit of melting again to very conſiderable Advantage. But before he diſcovers his Secret, he demands the Promiſe of ſome thouſanps Pound Sterling, in caſe it ſhall be found to anſwer.

By private Letters received on Thurſday from the Hague we learn, that ſeveral Motions have been lately made in the Allied Army in Flanders, which is now got into ſuch a Poſition as to be drawn together in a few Days.

The ſame Letters ſay, that Orders were already given by the different Powers at War, for augmenting the Allied Army to 140,000 Men; and that while the Duke of Cumberland, who will have the chief Command, is acting early in the Spring at the Head of this powerful Army in Flanders, which will be attended with the fineſt Train of Artillery and Mortars, perhaps the World ever ſaw, Count Brown is to puſh the Operations in Provence with an Army of 100,000 Men, in which he will be ſeconded by a ſtrong Squadron of Britiſh Ships of War.

It is ſaid, that General Bathiani will open the next Campaign by beſieging Bruſſels, with 40,000 Men.

On Monday came on the Election of a Member of Parliament for the Borough of Petersfield in the County of Southampton, when Francis Fane, Eſq; was unanimouſly re-elected.

Wedneſday John Willes, Eſq; was elected Member of Parliament for Banbury in Oxfordſhire, without Oppoſition, in the room of William Moore, Eſq; deceaſed.

We hear there will be a Clauſe in the general Naturalization Billl, for diſabling ſuch as receive the Benefit of it,

from being Members of either House of Parliament, or enjoying Places of Truſt under the Government.

Monday Morning at Nine o'Clock Charles Ratcliff, Eſq; Brother to the late Earl of Derwentwater, who was convicted of being in the Rebellion in 1715, and made his Eſcape out of Newgate, was brought to the King's-Bench Bar, where after a Trial of 7 Hours, in which ſevaral Points of Law were argued, he was found by the Jury to be the Indentical Perſon, upon the Evidence of two Perſons who knew him in Northumberland; upon which he was order'd to be Executed at Tyburn, on Monday Se'nnight, purſuant to his Sentence in 1715.

He deſired further Time for his Execution, that he may have Liberty to ſend to France, that the E. of M———n and he may ſuffer together. His Council mov'd in Arreſt of Judgment, but the Court over-ruled it.

He was afterwards remanded back to the Tower, under a ſtrong Guard.

The unfortunate Mr. Charles Ratcliffe, now under Sentence of Death, is Grandſon to the firſt Earl of Derwantwater, and the youngeſt of three Sons born to Sir Francis Ratcliffe his Father, by the Lady Mary Tudor, Natural Daughter to King Charles II. by Mrs. Mary Davis.

Thurſday Morning at Ten o'Clock there was a General Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Ward of Aldgate, at Bricklayers-Hall, in Leadenhall-ſtreet, to fix on a proper Perſon for Alderman of the ſaid Ward, in the room of Micajah Perry, Eſq; lately reſigned, when they came to a Reſolution to nominate and ſupport the Intereſt of James Heywood Eſq; an eminent Linen-Draper in Old Fiſh ſtreet Hill; and Yeſterday Morning a Wardmote was held by the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor for that Purpoſe, at the ſaid Hall, but the Reſult not known before this Paper went to Preſs.

Thurſday came on the Election of a Phyſician to Chriſt's Hoſpital, in the room of Dr Robert Bankes lately deceaſed, when Dr William Bedford was unanimouſly choſen. At the ſame Time came on the Election of a Beadle in the room of Mr. Harris, when Mr. John Robinſon was choſen. At the ſame Time Mr. William Innys, an eminent Bookſeller in Pater-noſter Row, was nominated for one of the Governors of the ſaid Hoſpital, at the Recommendation of Dr Crow.

Monday Morning the State-Lottery began drawing at Guildhall, when the following Numbers were drawn Prizes, viz. No. 22822, as firſt drawn, 500 l. 38461, 2000 l. 20833, 3444, 44662, 12138, 38020, 6505, 36813, and 30952, of 100 l. each.

Tueſday No. 25286, and 17514 were drawn Prizes of 100 l. each.

Wedneſday No 1533, and 9150, of 500 l. each; 39915, 28194, 29585, 18910, 44915, 3380, 44787, and 29907, of 100 l. each.

Thurſday No. 26649 was drawn a Prize of 500 l. and No. 36754, 26265, and 20182, 100 l. each.

Yeſterday the Eight following Rebels were executed on Kennington-Common, viz. John Hamilton, Governor of Carliſle; Sir John Wedderburn, Collector of Exciſe to the young Pretender; James Bradſhaw; Alexander Leigh; Col. Francis Farquharſon; James Lindſay; Andrew Wood, and Thomas Watſon. The other Fourteen were repriev'd, one for two Months, and the reſt for ſix Weeks.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived a Mail from Liſbon, brought by the Expedition Packet-Boat, after a Paſſage of nine Days. By this Packet we have the following Particulars from thence, viz. That on the 21ſt of October his Majeſty's Ship the Blandford arrived there from a Cruize, and carried in with her two Prizes, one a French Privateer of ten Guns, and 105 Men; the other a Spaniſh Bark from Cadiz. In the Afternoon of the ſame Day, the Alderney, Defiance, and Amazon Men of War, alſo arrived there, the two laſt having loſt their Maſts off of Cape Finiſterre. On the 30th ſailed the Blendford Man of War to Cruize of the Rock. On the ſecond of November arrived his Majeſty's Ship the Woolwich from Barbadoes in thirteen Weeks: This Ship in Lat. 49. 00. ſaw the Severn taken by three French Men of War. On the third arrived the King George Packet-Boat, after a Paſſage of twelve Days, from Falmouth. On the fourth arrived his Majeſty's Ship the Hector from a Cruize off Port. On the tenth arrived the Syren Man of War from Plymouth in twentyone Days, with a retaken Ship laden with Fiſh from Newfoundland; as did alſo the Prince Frederick Packet-Boat from Falmouth in four Days and an Half. And on the 13th arrived the Warren Privateer with a French Prize bound to Martinico with Stores.

Extract of a Letter from the Mate of the Benſon Brig, from Barbadoes, taken by the French.

Caſtlehaven, Nov. 11.

"On Saturday October 18, being in the Fleet of above 50 Sail, under Convoy of the Woolwich and Severn, we were ſurprized by ſome French Men of War; upon which our Convoy quitted the Fleet, and were chaſed by the French; and in the Evening we heard a long Repitition of Guns, and ſuppos'd them engag'd. On Tueſday the 21ſt in Lat. 47. we were taken by a French Privateer, called the Temerera, belonging to Bayonne, which had been there upon her Station 15 Days, and had taken two Veſſels, and we were the third. Upon boarding us they took out Capt. Rawlinſon, and ſeven more of the Crew, and returned us ſix French, to conduct us to Bayonne; and we continued our Courſe till Saturday the 25th at 10 in the Morning, when our French Captain judg'd himſelf to be within 12 Leagues of Cape Ortugal. I being unwilling to go into a French Priſon, made an Attempt upon the ſix Frenchmen, with the Aſſiſtance of one Man and a ſmall Boy, as follows;—My Man I arm'd with the Carpenter's Ax, the Boy with an Adze, and myſelf with the Captain's Sword and an old ruſty Piſtol that would not go off without a Firebrand; they being all upon the Deck, except the Captain, who was in the Cabbin, armed in the manner above mention'd, I led my Crew upon Deck, hoping an honourable Conqueſt; I appointed a Centinel at the Hatch, for the Captain's Approach, and immediately clear'd the Quarter Deck, by daringly flouriſhing my Sword and preſenting my Piſtol; on hearing the Noiſe the Captain came up, ſaying *Priſoner! Priſoner! no Force*, and deliver'd me his Arms. I immediately made them hoiſt out the Long-boat, and ordered the Captain, Boatſwain and two more to get in her, and veer'd them a-ſtern, till I had provided Neceſſaries for them; I then gave them the Captain's Cheſt and Cloaths, and Bedding for the Men, a Sea Draught, a Compaſs and Quadrant, a large Keg of Water, a Keg of Rum, ſix Pieces of Beef, half a Bag of Bread, with Oars, Maſt and Sail, and Rudder and Tiller for the Boat; and laſt of all my Prayers to God for their ſafe Arrival on Shoar, and at 10 in the Morning turn'd them off, with the Wind at N. W. On Tueſday the 11th of Nov, the Benſon arrived ſafe here, after 11 Weeks and two Days from Barbadoes. I am, &c.

Roger Brown, the Mate."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman, Paſſenger on board the Cheſter, *Capt.* Arthur Payne, *taken by a* French *Privateer, and retaken by the* Windſor *Man of War. Dated* Cork, Nov. 9.

"On the 18th in the Morning, we diſcover'd in our Fleet three French Men of War; two of which we judg'd to be 70 Gun Ships, the other a Frigate. The French Commodore took two Ships juſt a-ſtern of us, and was ready to give us a Broadſide, when he perceived our Convoy the Woolwich and Severn bore away right before the Wind, crowding all the Sail they could ſet, upon which he left us and bore away after them, and made a Signal for the other Ship to do the ſame, and I think they ſeem'd to come up with them very faſt. If ſo I am of Opinion they are both taken; Mr. Slingſby with three other Gentlemen from Barbadoes, were Paſſengers in the Severn, and ſhe ſail'd extremely bad. The Saturday following, we fell in with a French Privateer from Bayonne, of 24 Guns 9 Pounders, 285 Men, who took a Snow from St. Kitts, one Captain Demerique and afterwards Captain Blackman, from Barbadoes. and next, the poor Cheſter, Arthur Payne, the Privateer put 50 Men on board Blackman, with Orders to proceed directly for Bayonne, the Snow and we loſt Company, and the Privateer kept cloſe with us after putting 22 Men aboard, and on Tueſday the 28th in the Morning, we luckily fell in with the Windſor Man of War, who retook us, and dropt his Boat aboard with 20 Men and immediately made Sail after the Privateer. We were of Opinion he gain'd upon her, but in leſs than two Hours they were both out of our ſight, tho' we made all the Sail we could after them, the three Captains were all Priſoners on board the Privateer, they told me with a Trumpet they were extremely well treated, and as for my Part it was not poſſible to be made eaſier in my Situation, they never touch'd one thing in the Cabbin, nor would the Officers come in without my Permiſſion, and as for Liquors and Proviſions I had the ſame Command as before, and with this Circumſtance the ſecond Day after we were taken, Captain Payne, by the Direction of the Captain of the Privateer hail'd us, to know if I was well treated, and if I wanted for any thing that was aboard his Ship I might Command it, I have got the French Officers landed upon their Parole, with a Promiſe from the Commiſſioners that they ſhall be return'd in the firſt Cartel Ship, and treated with the utmoſt Civility."

The Fanny, Bennet, from Antigua for London, is taken by the Squadron under the Command of the Duke d'Anville, on the Banks of Newfoundland.

The Conſtant Frigate, Williams, from London, is loſt at Gibraltar.

The St. Pierre, of Bayonne, a French Privateer, of ten Carriage Guns, and 105 Men: And the Noſtra Seniora de Acquira Arriga, from Cadiz to Bilboa, were both taken and carried into Liſbon the 31ſt of October laſt, N. S. by his Majeſty's Ship the Blandford, Capt. Dodd.

The Conveneer, Capt. Skinner, from London to Maryland, was taken by the Alcion French Man of War of 54 Guns, on the 11th of October, 60 Leagues to the Weſtward of Corvo and Flores, but is not yet arrived in France.

The Anna Maria, Capt. Blackman, from Barbadoes for London, who was retaken by the Ambuſcade Man of War, Capt. Montague, after being eight Days in the Poſſeſſion of the Leopard Privateer of Bayonne, is now at Portſmouth.

The St. John Baptiſt, Harvey, is arrived at Liſbon from London in ten Days, and writes, that the outward-bound Fleet were ſafe arriv'd at Portſmouth.

BANKRUPTS.

Daniel Blaney, of London, Warehouſeman and Factor.

Robert Pope, of Warwick Lane, Grocer and Chapman.

James Hawkins, of the Pariſh of St. Mary Mattellon, otherwiſe White Chapple, in the County of Middleſex, Victualler and Chapman.

Henry Rogers, of the Pariſh of St Clements Danes, Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman.

Joſeph Sanders, of Clapham in Surry, Brewer.

The ſo-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, to as never to return again as long as they ever do levere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and thatby immediately drinking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as removing the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Foods' whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Chalick and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Cruditties offend the Nerves and, by Conſent of Parts affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, perfunacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at otherTimes, Fits, ſhaking Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Trembings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, a moſt innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſomuch fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Miners, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both SEXES they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal theirs, be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only of Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangiuries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the aforeſaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an inveterate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been baffling with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, virulent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Lanes Dorsalis or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption; which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they must assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesse of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprized at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovementioned Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Disease is intirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late Mr.* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Business*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London.*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He deals only for READY MONEY

His House faces Norfolk-Street, and not Arundel-Street, in the Strand.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any forcible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, also always found rather to encrease than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and so all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly after the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Diseases.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient instantly sightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

To Persons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning; which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, hard Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength; and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

TINCTURA MIRIFICA;

Or, The admirable Tincture, which infallibly cures the Stone and Gravel, whether in the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, and also the Strangury, Stoppage of Urine, and all Heat, Pain, and Difficulty of making Water.

A Few Drops of it momentarily take off the most excruciating Pains in the Reins or Bladder, and certainly prevent their Return; for it absolutely cures the Stone and Gravel in an extraordinary Manner, it instantly removes all Uneasiness or Difficulty in making Water, heals all Excoriations, and even Ulcers of the Urinary Passages, relaxes the Ureters, so that small Stones, together with Gravel, and all mucous, slimy, obstructing Matter may pass freely from the Kidneys, to be voided visibly with Urine, without Pain; effectually cleanses the Reins, Ureters, and Bladder from all Impurities, entirely prevents the Stone in those who are troubled with the Gravel only, assuredly dissolves all large Stones possible to be dissolved, and likewise brings all the Urinary Parts and Passages to their due Tone and Vigour, so as perfectly to free the Patient from all the terrible Symptoms and miserable Effects of that torturing Disease.

It is the safest Medicine in the World, and not disagreeable to take. The very first Dose of it absolutely cures the most dreadful Fit of either Stone or Gravel in a Minute, giving such wonderful Relief and perfect Ease, as is indeed very surprizing, and this great Numbers of Persons of Worth have experienced to their infinite Satisfaction. It is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle; with Directions.

This Day is publish'd,

The Sixteenth Edition of

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